

Agile Architecture Roadmapping

Eltjo Poort SATURN 2016



Eltjo Poort

CGI Architecture Community of Practice lead

- Reviewing Bids & Projects
- Standardizing & Improving Architecture Practice

Researcher

- With Universities (VU, Twente, Utrecht, Eindhoven)
- Member of IFIP WG 2.10 Software Architecture





Do we still need Architecture?

Result	Improvement by applying Solution Architecture				
Budget predictability	2-3 x better	Std dev 32 → 13			
Budget overrun	7 x less	22% → 3%			
Time overrun	6 x less	48% → 8%			
Troubled projects	3 x less	38% → 13%			
Customer satisfaction	1-2 points better	10 point scale			
Results delivered	+10%				

Survey among 49 software development projects between €50,000 and €2,500,000. Reported by Raymond Slot, PhD Thesis, 2010.





Principles of Agile Architecting

Decisions are your main deliverable

Keep a backlog of architectural concerns

Let economic impact determine your focus

Keep it small

Use just enough anticipation





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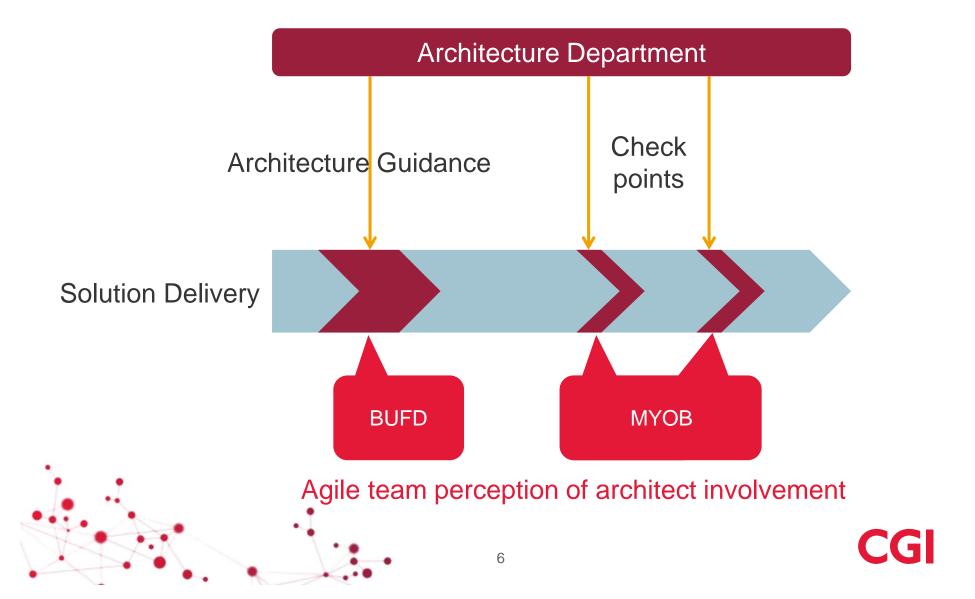
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Traditional architect involvement



Decisions are your main deliverable

Focus on Architectural Decisions

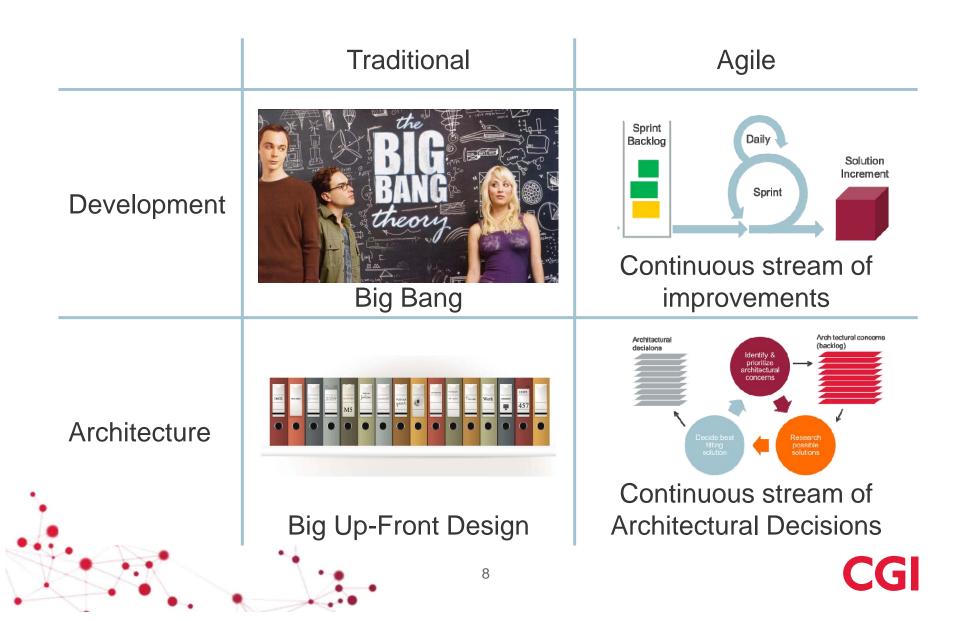
- Convey change
- Convey implications
- Convey rationale & options
- Ease of traceability
- Agile documentation







Continuous stream of architectural decisions



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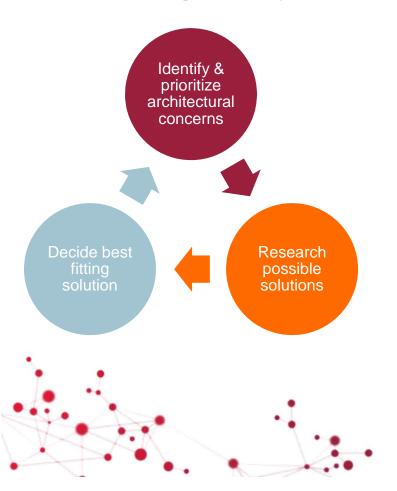
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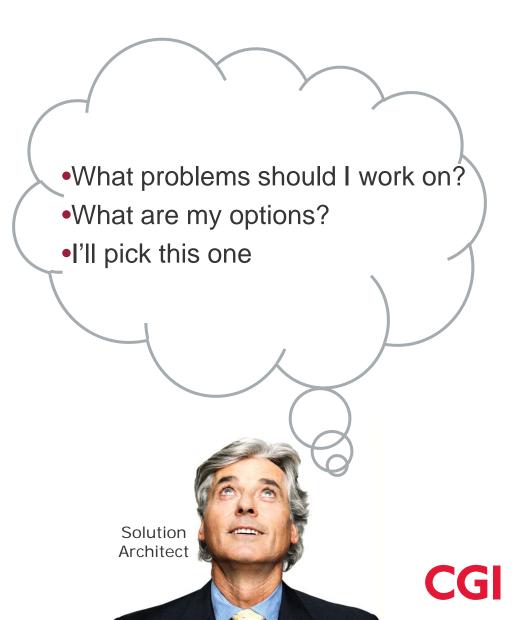




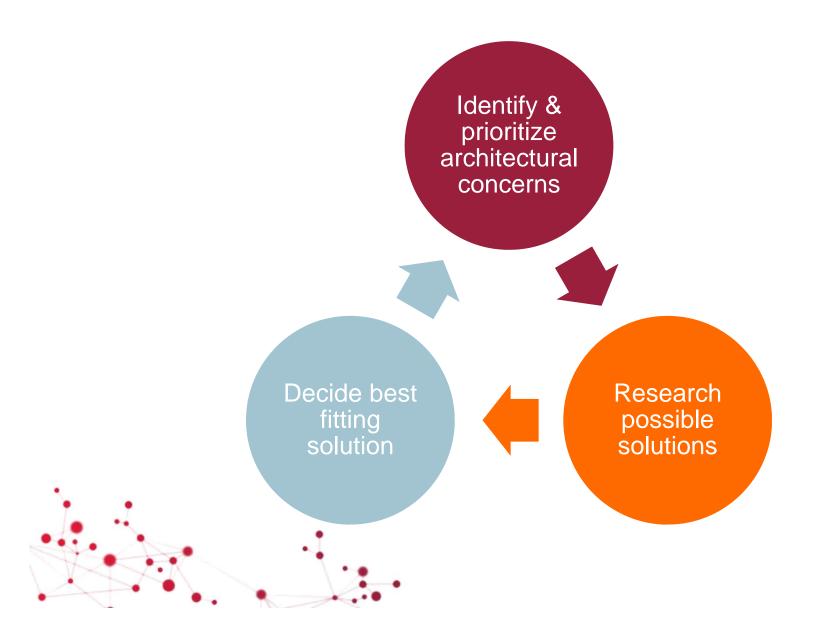
The Architect's Daily Job

Architecting Microcycle



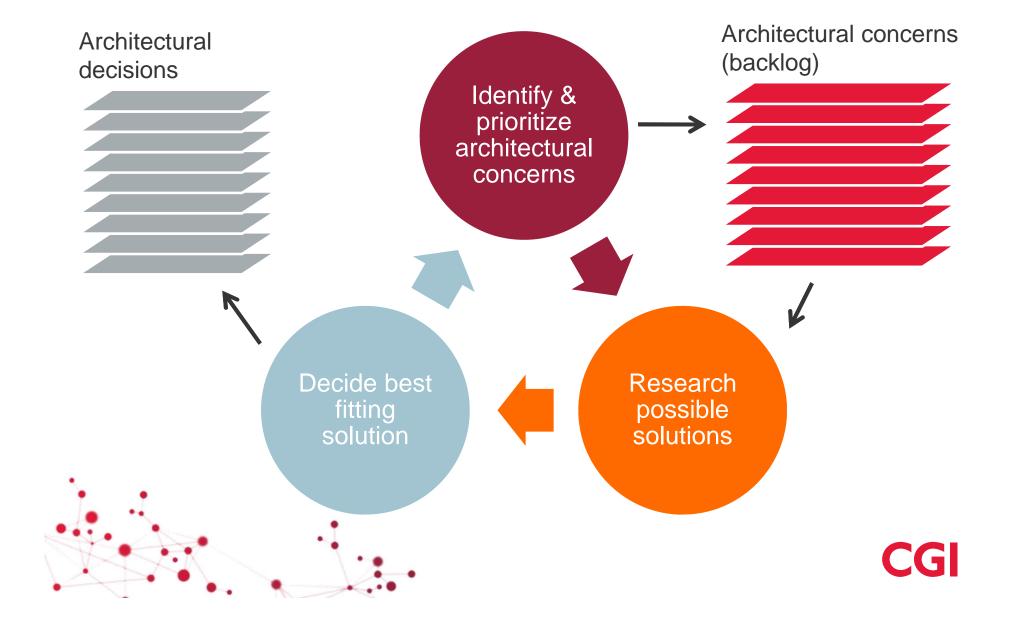


The Architecting Microcycle





The Architecting Workflow



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What is architecture about?

"Fundamental concepts or properties of a system in its environment embodied in its elements, relationships, and in the principles of its design and evolution".

[ISO/IEEE]

"Architecture is about the important stuff. Whatever that is."

[Fowler]



Who Needs an Architect?



phrenia is the fact that, even by ou erm "software architect" fits per fectly with the smug controlling im age at the end of Matrix Reloaded Yet even in firms that have the reatest contempt for that image, sere's a vital role for the technical leadership that an architect such as Dave plays

What is architecture?

When I was fretting over the title for Pat terns of Enterprise Application Architecture (Addison-Wesley, 2002), everyone who re viewed it agreed that "architecture" belonge in the title. Yet we all felt uncomfortable defin ing the word. Because it was my book, I felt

My first move was to avoid fuzziness by just letting my cynicism hang right out. In a sense, I define architecture as a word we use when we want to talk about design but want to puff it up to make it sound important. (Yes,

context.) However, as so often occurs, inside context, However, as so often occurs, inside context. However, in the context is a superior occurs, inside con

tem in its environment. The architecture of a software system (at a given point in time) is its orga

est level concept of a system. Customers have different concept than developers. Customers do not care at all about the structure of significant onents. So, perhaps an architecture is the opers who just understand their little piece. Ar significant? It is significant because the expe

software projects, the expert developers working on that project have a shared understanding of the

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After talking to architects and stakeholders on dozens of projects, we have come to equate the "important stuff" with the stuff that has most impact on risk and costs.

Important $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ high risk and cost





Architecture as a Risk- and Cost Management Discipline

Managing Cost and Risks is architecture's primary business goal
Cost and Risks are prioritizing factors determining architect's concerns
Architect should be an expert on costing and risk mitigation

Architecture as a risk mitigation mechanism

- Reduce uncertainty in feasibility of solution
- Reduce troubled projects

Architecture as a cost control mechanism

- Better predictability of solution cost
- Less budget overrun





RCDA: Risk and Cost Driven Architecture

Solution architecting principles and practices based on a view of architecture as a risk and cost management discipline

- Applicable in agile and traditional engagements
- Highly scalable and pragmatic
- Architectural decision making based on economic trade-offs
- Architecture communication in economic terms
- Traceability from requirements to cost



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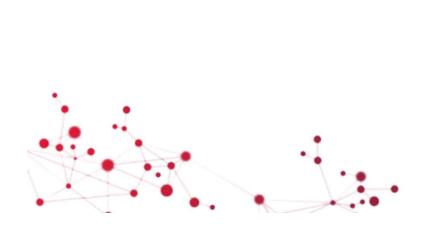


Architecture should be minimal

Avoid trap of "architecting everything"

- Architectures are hard to change
- Big architectures obstruct agility
- Give designers/developers as much freedom as they can handle
- Give yourself chance to keep total overview
- Three factors determine optimal amount of up-front design:

Business criticality + Size - Volatility







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Just Enough Anticipation

Flow of architectural decisions ahead of development Metaphor: Runway extended while in operation

Just long enough to accomodate anticipated airplanes



Key tools to determine right amount of anticipation:

- Dependency analysis
- Technical debt control
- Economic trade-off: Net Present Value, Real Options Analysis





Balance your backlog

Architecture and other solution improvements

Positive Value

New features Architectural, Structural features

Negative Value

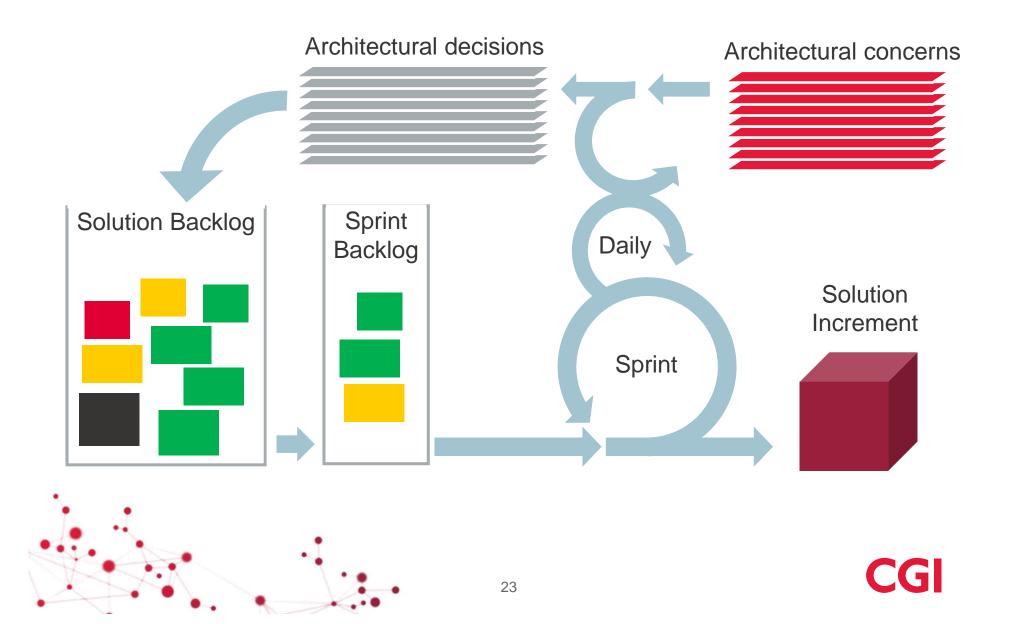
Defects
Value

Technical Debt

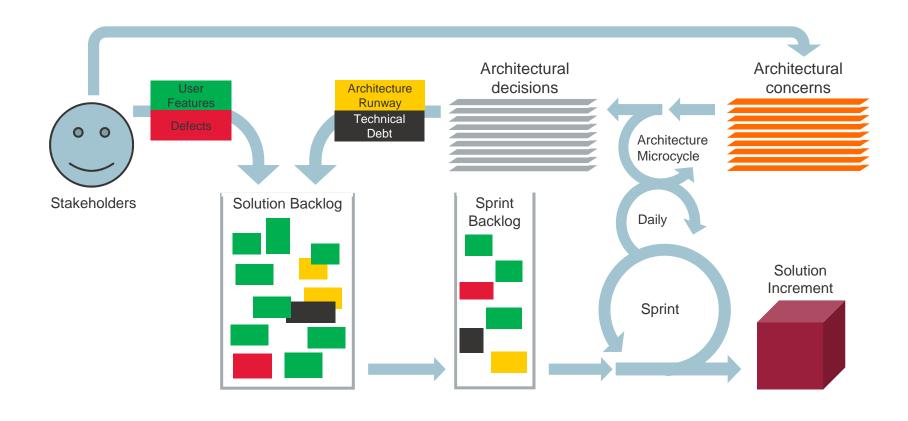




SCRUM and the Architecture Microcycle



SCRUM and the Architecture Microcycle







Issues with time-agnostic architectures

- Limited usefulness of architecture documents
 - perpetually "almost finished"
 - already obsolete when they're issued
- Risk of development based on revoked architectural decisions
- Difficulty planning ahead

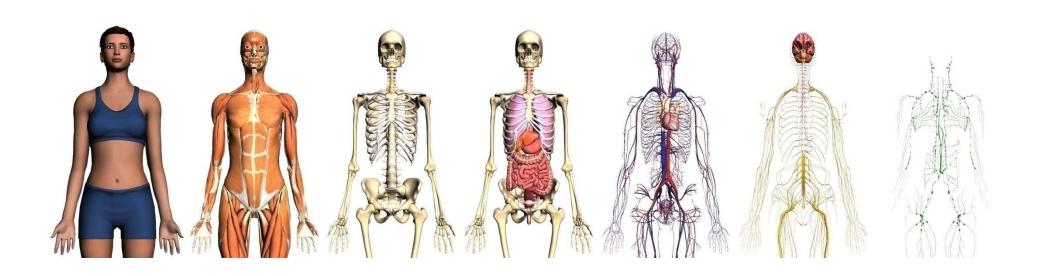


Evolution Viewpoint

All architecture documentation methods use views

- ISO 42010, TOGAF, Archimate, 4 + 1, 'Views and Beyond'
- Viewpoints address concerns per stakeholder (group)

What if we added a viewpoint for timing concerns?



Evolution Viewpoint

Step 1: Identify events with architectural impact

Event	When expected	Impact type	Impact
Competitor releases next generation product	Q4/2017	Business value + Risk	Our own product will be harder to sell if we do not match their new features, which would cause us to lose revenue.
Microsoft Windows XP support discontinued	4/2014	Risk	Vulnerabilities no longer patched; implies security risk, e.g. risk of intrusion and data leaks.
Corilla license contract expires	5/2017	Cost	Opportunity for cost reduction by switching to open source alternative.
New version of IBM WebSphere	11/2015	Cost	Opportunity for maintenance cost reduction by using new features announced for next version.
Project to build System Y finishes	Q1 2017	Business value + Risk	System Y (which is interdependent with ours) will require interface features that are currently not supported by our solution. We need to build these features or our solution will lose its business value.





Evolution Viewpoint

Step 2: Identify backlog items for solution roadmap

project backlog

user stories

use cases

functional requirements

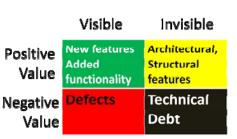
feature wish-list

acceptance criteria

change request log

solution blueprint architectural concerns architectural decision

part list



defect database

architectural concerns risk list





Evolution Viewpoint

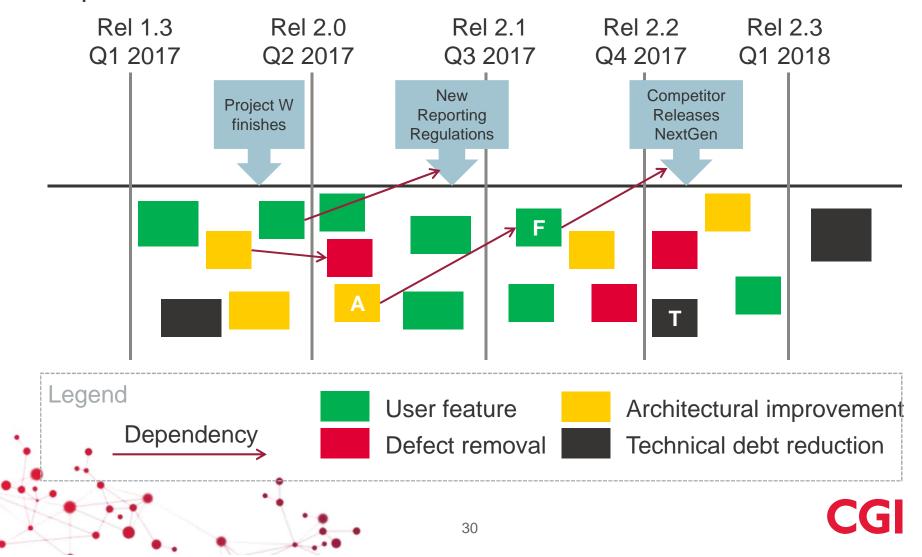
Step 3: Dependency Analysis

	Logon	GPS	I/F-A	Session	Cache	Pub/Sub	DataPers	RuleEng
UC1				Χ			Х	
UC2				Χ			X	
UC5			Х			X	X	
UC6			Х			Χ		X
UC7	Х	Χ		Χ				Χ
UC8	Х			Χ				
UC9		Χ				X		
AT3					X	X		
AT4						X		
AT5					X			
AT6	Х							Χ
AT7	Χ							
AT8				Χ	Χ		X	
AT9							X	

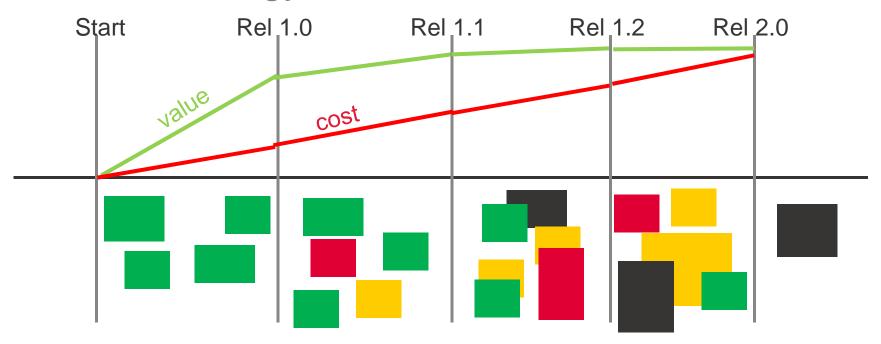


Evolution Viewpoint

Step 4: Visual Timeline



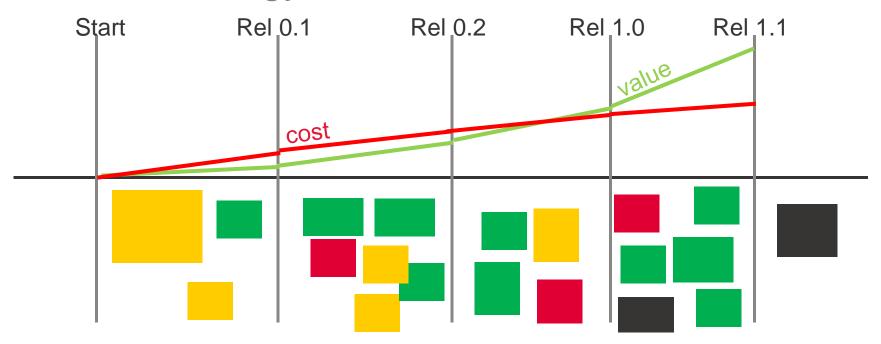
Release strategy 1: value-first



- In line with Agile philosophy
- May increase TCO (more refactoring)
- Too "greedy" algorithm may run project into wall (complete rebuild)
- Good in volatile environments



Release strategy 2: architecture-first



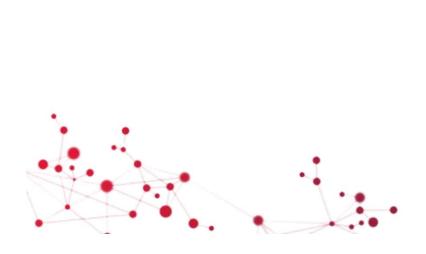
- In line with plan-driven philosophy
- Late delivery of value → risk of cancellation
- Risk of building wrong architecture (if context changes)
- Good for complex solutions



Real-life experiences (1/3)

Typically found architecturally significant events:

- Project or process milestones, such as delivery and approval deadlines; also deadlines in dependent projects
- Product version/infrastructure upgrades
- Business changes
 - Changing agreements (KPIs, SLAs), mergers/take-overs, legislative/policy
- Changes in availability of resources, e.g. availability of expertise

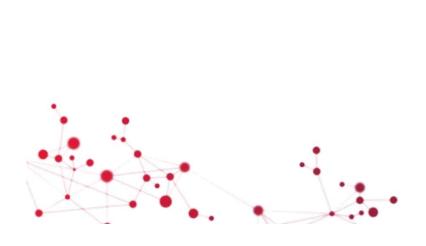




Real-life experiences (2/3)

Lessons learned

- Anticipation documents often informal
 - "roadmap"
 - "decision support"
 - "strategy document"
- Need stakeholders to identify significant future events!





Real-life experiences (3/3)

Significant benefits observed

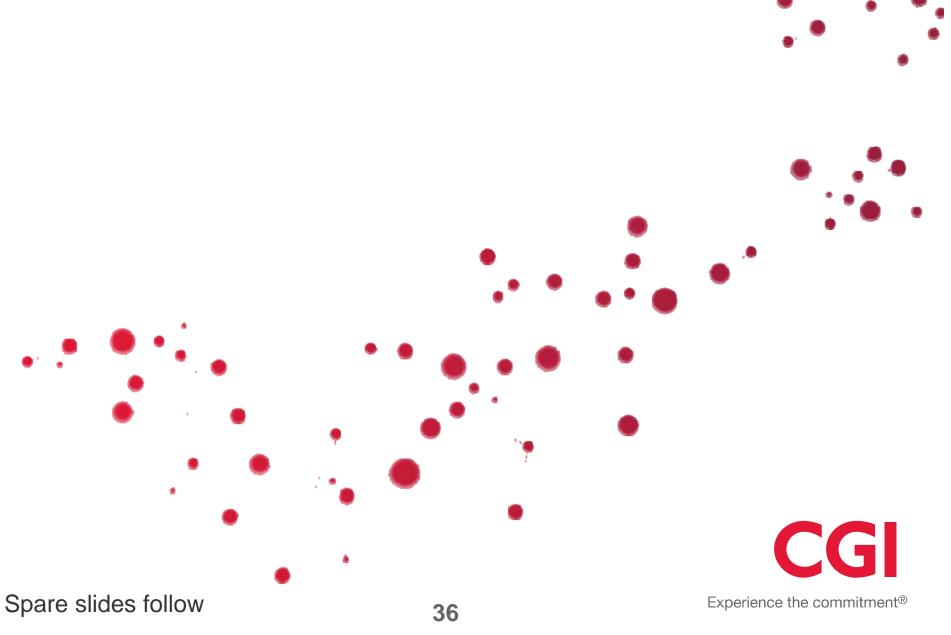
- Improved (more realistic) stakeholder expectations
- Better prioritization of required architectural improvements
- Helps architects articulate business impact of roadmapping scenarios
- Helps architects discuss timing of architectural improvements
 - based on business impact rather than generic (dogmatic) "rules" like YAGNI



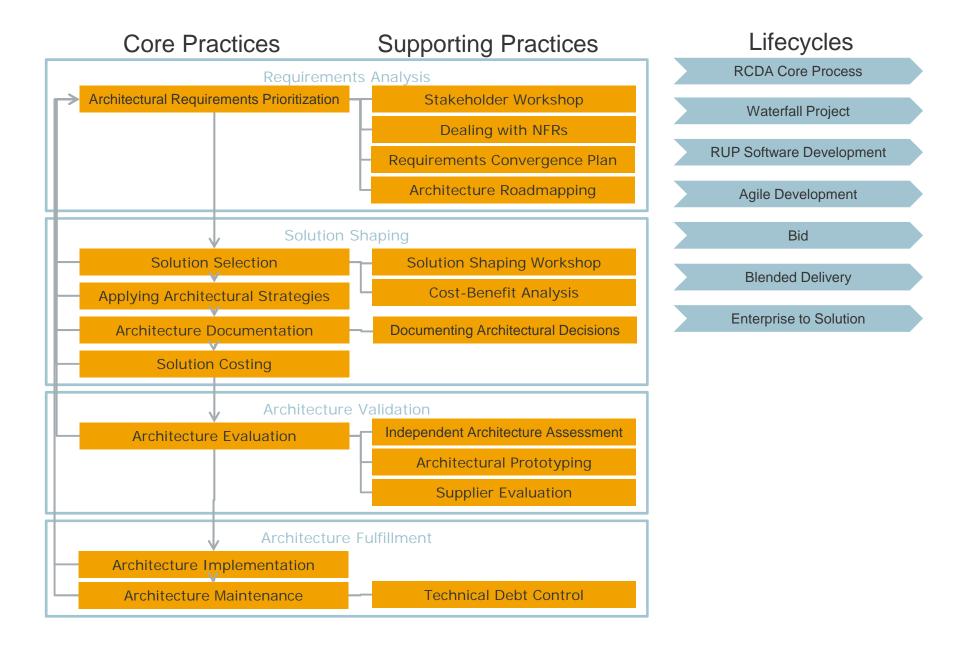




Questions or Comments?



RCDA Practices

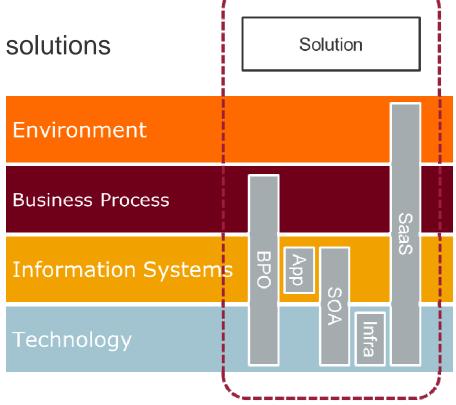


"Solution" Architecture?

RCDA covers all types of IT-based solutions

software application

- system of systems
- BPO solution
- service solution
- systems integration
- embedded system
- software as a service
- ...
- Highly scalable
 - from 2-week architecture for short-deadline bids...
 - ...to 2-year architecture for long-term engagements







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